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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/829,317	04/21/2004	Wen-Kuen Chen	E0523-00059	5674
8933	7590 04/25/2006		EXAMINER	
DUANE MORRIS, LLP			DINH, TRINH VO	
IP DEPARTM	MENT 7TH STREET	ADTUNET DADED MIMDED		PAPER NUMBER
	PHIA, PA 19103-4196		2821	
			DATE MAILED: 04/25/200	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/829,317	CHEN ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Trinh Vo Dinh	2821				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>amendment filed 02/17/2006</u> .						
′=	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.						
•							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,6-11,14 and 16-18</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠	☑ Claim(s) 3,12,13 and 15 is/are objected to.						
8)□	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2) Notice 2) Information	et(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ce of Draftsperson's Patent (s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 cer No(s)/Mail Date		mary (PTO-413) lail Date mal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 2821

DETAILED ACTION

This is a response to amendment filed 02/17/2006. Applicant's arguments with respect to references Komatsu are not deemed to be persuasive. Therefore, the rejections based on Komatsu are retained and repeated for the following reasons.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 4-5 and 11 remained rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Komatsu et al (US 6,791,260 of record).

Respecting claims 1, 4 and 5, Komatsu discloses organic light-emitting diode structures (Fig. 2) forming an array, each of the organic diode structures comprising first and second anodes (107, 118 in Fig. 10), first and second organic light emitting layers (103) disposed between the first and second anodes, and a first electrode (108) disposed between the first and second organic light-emitting layers (103), and an insulating layer (109 or 119) disposed between the first and second electrodes (107, 118).

Respecting claim 2 and 11, Komatsu discloses light being emitted from at least one of the first and second organic light-layers (103) when an electric current is passed between one of the first and the second anodes and the first electrode

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Art Unit: 2821

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 6-10 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Komatsu in view of Wang (US 6,043,478 of record).

Respecting claim 6, Komatsu discloses every feature of the claimed invention except transistors. Wang discloses a first transistor (M1) coupled to each of the organic light-emitting diode structures (Fig. 4), and a second transistor (M2) coupled to each of the organic light-emitting diode structures. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide Komatsu's display with transistors as taught by Fang in order to drive pixels of organic structures.

Respecting claims 7-10, Wang discloses, in Fig. 4, the first transistor (S1) being coupled to one of the first and the second anodes of the organic light-emitting diode structures while the second transistor (M2) being coupled to the other one of the first and the second anodes of the organic light-emitting diode structures. Wang further discloses a third transistor (M4, M3) coupled to the first and the second transistors (S1, S2), the first and the second transistors drive the organic light-emitting diode structures, and the third switch (M3, M4) switching the first and second transistors (M1, M2).

5. Claims 14 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kontogeorgakis et al (US 6,822,611 B1) in view of Komatsu et al (US 6,791,260).

Respecting claim 14, Kontogeorgakis discloses, in Fig. 4, a telecommunication device comprising a main body (12), a flip-up door (14), and a display (16) beneath the

Art Unit: 2821

flip-up door. However, Kontogeorgakis does not suggest the display comprising diode structures which each structure including anodes, organic light-emitting layers and an electrode. Komatsu discloses the display comprising organic light-emitting diode structures (Fig. 2) forming an array, each of the organic diode structures comprising first and second anodes (107, 118 in Fig. 10), first and second organic light emitting layers (103) disposed between the first and second anodes, and a first electrode (108) disposed between the first and second organic light-emitting layers (103). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ Komatsu's structure to communication device of Kontogeorgakis. Doing so would reduce display size to reduce an emission area (Komatsu: col. 3, lines 3-5).

Respecting claim 16, Komatsu discloses the structure comprising an insulating layer (109 or 119) disposed between the first and second electrodes (107, 118).

6. Claims 17-18 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kontogeorgakis as modified by Komatsu, and further in view of Wang (US 6,043,478 of record).

Respecting claim 17, Kontogeorgakis as modified by Komatsu discloses every feature of the claimed invention except transistors. Wang discloses a first transistor (M1) coupled to each of the organic light-emitting diode structures (Fig. 4), and a second transistor (M2) coupled to each of the organic light-emitting diode structures. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide Komatsu's display with transistors as taught by Wang in order to drive pixels of organic structures.

Art Unit: 2821

Respecting claim 18, Wang further discloses a third transistor (M4, M3) coupled to the first and the second transistors (S1, S2),

Allowable Subject Matter

- 7. Claims 3, 12-13 and 15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 8. The cited art of record fails to teach the organic light emitting diode structure comprising a second electrode disposed between the fist and the second organic light-emitting layers.

Response to the arguments

With respect to claims 1-2, 4-5 and 11, Applicant argues, in page 2 of the remarks filed 02/17/2006, that the Komatsu reference fails to teach the "first and second organic light-emitting layers disposed between the first and second anodes, and a first electrode disposed between the first and second organic light-emitting layers". The examiner disagreed. As clearly shown in Fig. 10, first and second organic light emitting layers (103, 103) disposed between the first and second anodes (107, 118), and a first electrode (108) disposed between the first and second organic light-emitting layers (103, 103). Komatsu discloses every features of the claimed invention. Therefore, 102 rejections of claims 1-2, 4-5 and 11 are proper.

With respect to the rejections of dependent claims 6-10, 14 and 16-18, which employing the additional teaching of Komatsu, Applicant has not offer any specific argument thereagainst. Accordingly, no further comments concerning the rejections of the dependent claims are necessary.

Art Unit: 2821

Remarks

9. This is a reminder that the corrected drawings are required in response to the Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review attached in the previous office action mailed 10/24/2005. For the Applicant's convenient, the copy of the Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review is included thereto.

Conclusion

10. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Inquiry

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Trinh Vo Dinh whose telephone number is (571) 272-1821. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 9:30AM to 6:00PM.

Art Unit: 2821

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tim Callahan, can be reached on (571) 272-1740. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art unit 2821 April 20, 2006

> TRINH DINH PRIMARY EXAMINER